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Secretariat of Arab League Council Affairs

Resolution 9057 issued by

the Extraordinary Session of the Council of the League of Arab States at the level of Permanent Representatives

on

Arab and International Action to Stop the Israeli Aggression in light of Israel's Non-Compliance with the Security Council Resolutions and the International Court of Justice Orders

> Cairo Wednesday April 3, 2024

Arab and International Action to Stop the Israeli Aggression in light of Israel's Non-Compliance with the Security Council Resolutions and the International Court of Justice Orders

The Council of the League of Arab States, convened an Extraordinary Session at the level of Permanent Representatives, chaired by the Islamic Republic of Mauritania on April 3, 2024, at the request of the State of Palestine and the support of the member states,

- *Emphasizing* all its previous resolutions regarding the Palestinian cause, *and reaffirming* the centrality of the Palestinian cause for the entire Arab nation, including support for the Palestinian people in their legitimate struggle against the Israeli occupation, and their right to return, self-determination, and achievement of the independence of the State of Palestine on the borders of 4 June 1967, with Jerusalem as its capital,
- Having been briefed by the Heads of delegations and the Secretary-General,
- 1- Considers that the continuation of committing the crime of genocide by Israel, the occupying Power, against the Palestinian people in the Gaza Strip, including their killing, starvation and displacement, despite the relevant Security Council Resolutions and the two orders issued by the International Court of Justice to prevent the crime of genocide, requires the application of the articles of Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, since the crimes committed by Israel, the occupying Power, are acts of aggression that constitute a clear, serious and growing threat to international peace and security;
- 2- *Calls on* the Security Council to adopt a resolution under Chapter VII of the Charter of United Nations that ensures Israel's adherence to the ceasefire and the entry of humanitarian aid, and forces Israel to stop its aggression against the Palestinian people and provide them with protection, in accordance with the necessary measures provided for in Chapter VII of the Charter of United Nations,

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to ensure its compliance with relevant Security Council resolutions, international law, international humanitarian law, and the two orders issued by the International Court of Justice in the genocide case;

- 3- *Warns of* the catastrophic consequences of carrying out the aggressive Israeli threats to invade and destroy the Palestinian city of Rafah, which is home to more than 1.5 million Palestinian citizens and displaced persons, which will cause brutal massacres against and forced displacement outside the occupied Palestinian territory of Palestinian citizens these would be considered an attack on Arab national security as a whole and will lead to the collapse of chances for peace and the expansion and escalation of conflict in the region;
- 4- Condemns the export of weapons and ammunition to Israel, the occupying Power, which uses them to commit the crime of genocide and killing Palestinian civilians and destroying their homes, hospitals, schools, universities, mosques, churches, infrastructure and all their assets; *and considers that* the continued export of these weapons and ammunition to Israel constitutes complicity with Israel in its aggression against the Palestinian people;
- 5- *Strongly condemns* the continuation of committing the crime of genocide by Israel, the occupying Power, against the Palestinian people in various criminal forms, including causing the starvation of Palestinian civilians in the Gaza Strip with the intention of killing them, and the systematic destruction of hospitals and the health and food systems in the Gaza Strip;
- 6- *Condemns* Israel, the occupying Power, for its refusal to comply with Security Council Resolution 2728 of 2024, which calls, inter alia, for an immediate ceasefire during the month of Ramadan, and Security Council Resolutions 2712 of 2023 and 2720 of 2023, which call, inter alia, for immediate, safe and unhindered delivery of humanitarian assistance at scale directly to the Palestinian civilian population throughout the Gaza Strip;
- 7- *Condemns* Israel, the occupying Power, for its non-compliance with the provisional measures ordered by the International Court of Justice, in its two orders issued on January 26, 2024 and March 28, 2024, to stop the killing and

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harming the Palestinian civilian population as a group protected by the Convention on the Prevention of the Crime of Genocide, and to provide basic services and unhindered humanitarian aid throughout the Gaza Strip, with the aim of preventing the crime of genocide, in light of the spread of famine in the Gaza Strip;

- 8- *Condemns* the widespread Israeli crimes against the Palestinian people in the occupied West Bank, including East Jerusalem, that aim at the systematic destruction of Palestinian refugee camps and their infrastructure with the intent of re-displacing them and eradicating their cause, the daily incursions into dozens of Palestinian cities, villages and camps, the acts of terrorism committed by Israeli settlers, as well as the acts of killing and injuring of hundreds of Palestinian citizens, the demolition of homes, and the detention of thousands of Palestinians in inhumane conditions;
- 9- *Condemns* the ongoing Israeli military attacks on southern Lebanon, which caused the death of civilians, including children, women, the elderly, journalists, and paramedics, as well as targeting Lebanese army posts, and penetrating into Lebanese territory; *and emphasizes* the need to exert international pressure to curb the declared aggressive Israeli intentions of waging a wide-scale war on Lebanon and returning it to the "stone age," and to force Israel to end its occupation of the remaining Lebanese lands in the Shebaa Farms, Kafr Shuba Hills, and the outskirts of the town of Al-Mari, and to withdraw beyond the internationally recognized borders and stop violating Lebanon's sovereignty on land, air and sea;
- 10- *Deplores* the repeated Israeli attacks on the territory of the Syrian Arab Republic, the most recent of which was the attack that targeted the Iranian consulate headquarters on April 1, 2024, in flagrant violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Syrian Arab Republic, the rules of international law, and the Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic Relations of 1961 and on Consular Relations of 1963; *and emphasizes* its support for the Syrian Arab Republic in exercising its right to defend its country and people;

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- 11- *Strongly condemns* the Israeli occupation forces targeting the World Central Kitchen convoy in the Gaza Strip despite prior coordination with the Israeli side, holding Israel fully responsible for this serious escalation, which affirms that this is the regular approach of the Israeli occupation army, which caused the death of dozens of UN employees, relief workers, journalists, and medical teams;
- 12- *Emphasizes* the implementation of the Resolution of the Joint Arab-Islamic Summit (Riyadh, 2023) to immediately lift the Israeli blockade on the Gaza Strip and the entry of Arab, Islamic and international humanitarian aid convoys, by land, sea and air, including food, medicine and fuel, into the entire Strip, north and south; *calls on* the relevant international organizations to participate in lifting the blockade; *and stresses* the need for these organizations to enter the Strip, protect their personnel and enable them to fully carry out their mandates;
- 13- *Calls on* the Member States to immediately implement the provisions of Resolution 8994 of the 161st Ordinary Session of the Council of the League of Arab States at the Ministerial Level which called upon member states to place a list of extremist Israeli organizations and groups that storm the blessed Al-Aqsa Mosque and are linked to Israeli colonial settlement, on Arab national terrorism lists, and to announce the list of shame of the Israeli figures who spread genocidal rhetoric and incitement against the Palestinian people, in preparation for taking legal measures against them, and boycotting all companies operating in the Israeli colonial settlements in the Palestinian and Arab territories occupied in 1967;
- 14- *Urges* the international community, particularly the countries that support Israel with weapons, to assume their responsibilities in the reconstruction, and establish an international fund to care for approximately 17,000 orphaned children, and to provide medical and psychological support for amputee children as soon as possible;
- 15- *Supports and appreciates* the efforts of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Arab member of the Security Council, and other international efforts aimed at resolving the conflict in the region on the basis of agreed-upon

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international references, and its support for the State of Palestine to obtain full membership of the United Nations;

- 16- *Supports* joint Qatari-Egyptian efforts aimed at reaching a permanent ceasefire and restoring normal life in the Gaza Strip;
- 17- *Appreciates* the growing trend among the European Union member states towards recognizing the State of Palestine; *calls on* the European Union member states that have not yet recognized the State of Palestine to do so; *and calls on* the United States of America and the United Kingdom to recognize the State of Palestine, as this is a legitimate right of the Palestinian people and a lever for peace, security and stability in the region and the world;
- 18- *Calls on* all states, parliaments, civil society organizations, unions and federations concerned with human rights and international law; as well as the Human Rights Council, to take urgent action within international and national justice mechanisms to prosecute Israeli officials for their brutal crimes committed against Palestinian civilians, children and women, and protected assets, within the framework of the International Court of Justice, the International Criminal Court, and national courts with universal jurisdiction; *and calls upon* the Secretary-General of the United Nations to include Israel in the blacklist of parties violating children's rights, in light of the martyrdom of more than 14,000 Palestinian children killed by the Israeli occupation army;
- 19- Recalls the resolution of the Extraordinary Joint Arab and Islamic Summit held in Riyadh on November 11, 2023 regarding supporting all steps taken by the Arab Republic of Egypt to confront the consequences of the brutal Israeli aggression on Gaza and to support its efforts to provide immediate, sustained and adequate aid to the Gaza Strip; and supports the steps taken by Egypt to defend its national security, which is an essential part of Arab national security;
- 20- *Requests* the Secretariat General to work and coordinate with international and national organizations and institutions to provide relief to tens of thousands of Palestinian children whose parents were killed and whose limbs have been amputated as a result of the brutal Israeli aggression on the Gaza Strip, including

organizing events and collecting donations in appropriate ways for urgent relief to these children;

- 21- Supports the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA), on the basis that supporting UNRWA is an international responsibility that must be fulfilled; *rejects* the systematic Israeli incitement campaigns against it aimed at undermining its mandate; *and calls on* all countries that decided to suspend funding to UNRWA to reconsider their decisions; *and recalls*, in this context, the decisions of some of these countries to refinance the Agency, warning that the cessation of the Agency's operations in the Gaza Strip will deprive more than two million Palestinians of the services necessary to sustain life;
- 22- *Requests* the Councils of Arab Ambassadors and the League's missions abroad to take what they deem appropriate to circulate this Resolution to the States and organizations to which they are accredited;
- 23- *Requests* the Secretary-General to follow up on the implementation of this Resolution and submit a report thereon to the next session of the Council of the League of Arab States.

(R. 9057 – Ex. O.S. - S. 2 – 3/4/2024)

- The Republic of Tunisia supports the present Resolution, except for the reference to the 4 June 1967 borders, based on Tunisia's firm position in support of the Palestinian people's right to self-determination and the establishment of their independent state with full sovereignty over its national territory and with Holy Jerusalem as its capital.